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EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

September 18, 2017 – 2:30 PM Ada County Courthouse 200 W. Front Street 3rd Floor, Commissioner's Meeting Room

AGENDA

I. AGENDA ADDITIONS / CHANGES (2:30)

II. OPEN DISCUSSION / ANNOUNCEMENTS (2:35)

III. ACTION ITEMS (2:40)

- * A. Approve June 5, 2017 Minutes June 15, 2017 Executive Council Minutes attached.
- * B. Local Emergency Planning Committee Grant Request Doug Hardman New LEPC grant project requests will be presented to the Executive Council for consideration and approval. Representatives from the Ada County Sheriff's Office and American Red Cross will be present to provide more detail and answer questions. Grant Project Applications attached.

IV. Information / Discussion Items (3:10)

A. Boise River Flood Update

Doug will provide an overview of last spring's flood statistics, response and recovery activities and status of state and federal flood declarations.

B. Boise River Flood Response - EOC After Action Review Joe Lombardo Joe Lombardo will provide preliminary findings and next steps from the after action report for the Spring 2017 Boise River flood and Emergency Operation Center activation.

VI. ADJOURNMENT (4:00)

* Attachment

Ada County • Ada County Highway District • Boise • Eagle • Garden City • Kuna • Meridian • Star DISASTER MITIGATION, PREPAREDNESS, RESPONSE & RECOVERY

Doug Hardman

Jim Tibbs, Chair

ITEM III – A

ACCEM EXECUTIVE COUNCIL MEETING ADA COUNTY COURTHOUSE 200 WEST FRONT STREET 3RD FLOOR, COMMISSIONERS MEETING ROOM

JUNE 5, 2017

****SUMMARY MINUTES****

MEMBERS ATTENDING:	Jim Tibbs, Commissioner, Ada County, Chair Joe Stear, Mayor, City of Kuna Kent Goldthorpe, Commissioner, Ada County Highway District John Evans, Mayor, City of Garden City Keith Bird, Councilman, City of Meridian Stan Ridgeway, Mayor, City of Eagle, Vice Chair (phone)
MEMBERS ABSENT:	Maryanne Jordan, Councilperson, City of Boise Dave Case, Commissioner, Ada County Dave Bieter, Mayor, City of Boise
OTHERS ATTENDING:	Doug Hardman, Ada County Emergency Management Ray Chacko, Ada County PA Office

CALL TO ORDER

Chair Tibbs called the meeting to order at 2:30 PM

- I. AGENDA ADDITIONS/CHANGES None
- II. OPEN DISCUSSION/ANNOUNCEMENTS None
- **III. ACTION ITEMS**
 - A. Approve March 20 and May 9, 2017 Minutes Joe Stear moved to approve the March 20 and May 9, 2017 Minutes of the Emergency Management Executive Council meeting. ACHD Commissioner Goldthorpe seconded. Motion passed unanimously.

B. Adopt FY 2018 Membership Dues & Preliminary Budget

Doug gave an overview of the population estimates, draft membership dues, and preliminary FY 2018 Emergency Management budget for Council input and adoption. Doug explained there would be a slight budget increase for a couple cities to population growth, but no increase to membership dues of 33 cents cost per individual. Joe Stear moved to adopt FY 2018 Emergency Management budget and membership dues as presented. ACHD Commissioner Goldthorpe seconded. Motion passed unanimously.

IV. Information / Discussion Items

- A. Boise River/Reservoirs Update Doug gave an update on mountain snowpack, reservoir levels and projected inflows and outflows heading into June.
- B. Homeland Security Grant Update
 Doug provided an overview of the 2015 State Homeland Security Program (SHSP) grant closeout and current expenditures approved for 2016 SHSP.

V. ADJOURNMENT 3:15

Ada County Grant Project Application

(electronic signature is acceptable)

Core Capability Target

We will respond to an incident in 2 hours minimum and 4 hours maximum for Mass Care Services providing life-sustaining and human services to the affected population, to include hydration, feeding, sheltering, temporary housing, evacuee support, reunification, and distribution of emergency supplies. The next generation Emergency Response Vehicle (ERV) will now allow for the following:

*Casework Capability – previous ERV had no Wi-Fi. Next Generation ERV has Wi-fi which allows volunteers to complete casework and activate Client Assistance Cards at the scene of the disaster.

*Flexibility of Use – The new modular design allows the vehicle to be quickly transformed so that volunteers can either serve thousands of meals a day during a flood response or meet one-on-one with a family displaced by a home fire. Our current model was designed for large-scale disasters only. It is not easily maneuvered through neighborhood streets.

*Provides secure location for clients impacted by disaster – Current ERV has no client seating inside the vehicle. The new model includes seating inside the vehicle where volunteers can conduct casework with clients in a safe and more secure environment that is out of the elements.

*Feeding Capability – The new model has two feeding windows where our current model has only one.

*Storage Capacity – unlike our current ERV the new model allows for feeding and additional palletized relief items.

*Trailer Hauling Capability – The new model ERV is now equipped with trailer hauling capability that will allow us to bring more equipment and supplies if needed for hydration, feeding, sheltering and emergency supplies.

To help ensure timely communications for Operational Communications Capability the next generation ERV's core features include two types of WiFi hotspots (to provide Internet access in a disaster area) and a "messaging" system (an LCD monitor, connected to a PC, on the vehicle's driver's side) that allows the Red Cross to display emergency and community outreach information.

Justification

From July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017 the American Red Cross of Greater Idaho responded to a variety of incidents. These incidents occurred across all economic, age, gender and racial lines.

Responder Miles Driven - 29,670

Fires – 235 cases, serving 706 individuals

Flood – 25 cases, serving 74 individuals

Building Collapse – 4 cases, serving 12 individuals

Our current Emergency Response Vehicle ERV is a15 year old, 2002 Ford Ambulance body vehicle. It was designed for feeding large groups of people during disasters and the large-scale distribution of supplies. Although this was the vehicle's original design, the current vehicle is used most frequently to respond to smaller scale, regional disasters, such as house fires and flooding, and use the vehicle for community engagement and education. The cost of maintenance and repair has become cost prohibitive. The Red Cross' ultimate goal for the next-generation (ERV) is to make it safer and more effective for volunteers and the communities we serve.

To make the next-generation ERV adaptable, the Red Cross decided to engage in a design process to ensure the vehicle is effective not only in the near future but in the years to come. The next generation ERV, is intentionally designed it to be modular so it can fulfill a number of purposes and seamlessly transition from the one operation to the next. This is achieved through a more intentional use of space and interior design.

The Red Cross selected a new commercial van platform for the ERV and chose the Sprinter. The nextgeneration ERV features a range of improvements. Starting with cargo, the Red Cross found a new way to secure food, which is stored in 70-pound containers, and other items used during relief efforts and community outreach.

Our average volunteer ERV driver is a woman over the age of 50. One concern for us was the loading and unloading of the food containers. The food storage container racks have a four-by-two configuration, which means volunteers can put up to four containers on the shelves or underneath them, wherever a volunteer can best fit them. Also, the vehicle has a unique loading system mounted on the rear door. The food container shelves also allow volunteers to slide, rather than lift, the containers, making them safer and more ergonomic for volunteers to load and unload. For serving the food, the seats volunteers use can rotate, thereby reducing potential back strain.

Another key feature the ERV Sprinter provides is enough interior room for Red Cross volunteers in disaster response scenarios to meet with individuals, giving them privacy during difficult emotional situations.

The vehicle has many safety systems designed to help drivers avoid collisions, for example in a disaster area. They include a backup camera, back-up alarm systems, and various sensors. Other core features include two types of WiFi hotspots (to provide Internet access in a disaster area) and a "messaging" system (an LCD monitor, connected to a PC, on the vehicle's driver's side) that allows the Red Cross to display emergency and community outreach information

The purchase of a new ERV will allow us a a member of the whole community to reach more people in all kinds of conditions in our community.

Ada County Grant Project Application

Applicant/Jurisdiction	City or County Agency, Department or Other Organization									
Point of Contact	Name:			Title:						
Form of Contact	Phone:			Email:						
Project	Project Nan	ne:		2						
	Requested Grant Funds \$									
	Applicant C		\$							
	Total Projec		\$							
Threat / Hazard /	Use info from Threat Hazard Identification Risk Assessment (THIRA), Hazard Mitigation Plan, or Hazard Vulnerability Analysis									
Vulnerability	(HVA) to describe what this capability addresses.									
	If "Other," please explain below.									
Mission Area	Primary:									
	Secondary:									
Core Capability	Primary Cap	bability Name (click	for definitions):							
	Secondary (Capability Name (clie	ck for definitions):							
Regional Impact	Is Capability	y regionally deployal	ole?	Yes		No				
	Does Capab	oility have regional ir	npact?	Yes		No				
	Does this Ca	apability already exis	st within the region	n? Yes		No	Partially			
Core Capability Target	Insert capability target as determined by THIRA process (e.g. "During the first 72 hours of an incident, conduct operations to recover 375 fatalities.").									
Preparedness		Planning	nning Building new capabilit		or	Sustaining curr	rent capability?			
		Organization	Building new cap	pability?	or	Sustaining curr	rent capability?			
		Training	Building new cap	pability?	or	Sustaining curr	rent capability?			
		Exercising	Building new cap	pability?	or	Sustaining curr	rent capability?			
		Equipment	Building new cap	pability?	or	Sustaining curr	rent capability?			
	For Equipm	<u>ent - AEL Number(s)</u>	<u>:</u>							
	-	urce Type (if applical	ole):							
MOU Information		OU in place?		Yes	No					
		n by what date?								
Justification	Provide nar	rative describing ne	ed for capability (i.	e. how will this	project red	uce risk in your j	urisdiction?).			

Date