## Tax Commission

# **I**DAHO

# **2019 Property Tax Deferral program** Apply between January 1 and April 15, 2019

# What is the Property Tax Deferral Program?

The Property Tax Deferral Program offers individuals a way to defer property taxes\* on their home and up to one acre of land. The taxes and interest must eventually be repaid to the state of Idaho.

\*Property Tax Deferral payments will not reduce solid waste, irrigation, or other **fees** charged by government entities.

### Qualifications

You qualify for property tax deferral if you meet the following requirements:

- 1. Owned and lived in a home or mobile home in Idaho that was your primary residence before April 15, 2019, and it:
  - Isn't subject to a trust, life estate, or other interest
  - Doesn't have a reverse mortgage or home equity line of credit
- 2. Met one or more of the following status requirements as of January 1, 2019:
  - Age 65 or older
  - Widow(er)
  - Blind
  - Fatherless or motherless child under 18 years of age
  - Former prisoner of war/hostage
  - Veteran with a 10% or more service-connected disability or receiving a pension from Veteran's Affairs (VA) for a non-service-connected disability
  - Disabled as recognized by the Social Security Administration, Railroad Retirement Board, or Federal Civil Service. If you're not covered by the listed agencies, then disabled as recognized by a public employee retirement system.
- 3. Had combined income of \$43,510 or less for 2018.

When you complete your application, include income reported to you and your spouse in 2018.

#### You must include:

- Wages
- Interest and dividends
- Capital gains
- · Business, farm, and rental net income
- Social Security and Supplemental Security income

- Railroad retirement
- Unemployment/workers comp
- Pensions, annuities, and IRAs\*
- Military retirement benefits
- Department of Health and Welfare payments (including Aid for Dependent Children and housing assistance)
- Child support and alimony
- "Loss of earnings" compensation
- Disability income from all sources\*\*
- Gambling winnings

\*Excluding the return of principal paid by the recipient of an annuity and excluding rollovers as provided in section 402 and 403 of the Internal Revenue Code.

\*\*Excluding compensation received from the VA by a veteran who has a 40-100% service-connected disability or dependency and indemnity compensation or death benefits paid by Veterans Affairs arising from a service-connected death or disability.

When you complete your application, you may deduct the following expenses you or your spouse paid in 2018:

- · Medical/dental and related expenses not reimbursed by insurance or other reimbursements\*
- Medical insurance premiums\*
- · Payment or prepayment of funeral expenses
- Farm, rental, and/or business losses (You must submit a copy of the appropriate federal schedule.)
- Early withdrawal penalties
- Alimony paid

\*Qualified medical expenses are defined in section 213(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### How to Apply

- 1. Contact your county assessor for an application. The office is listed under County Offices in your telephone directory.
- 2. Complete the application. If you need help completing the application, the assessor's staff will assist you. You must apply for your 2019 property tax deferral between January 1 and April 15, 2019. You and your spouse must sign the application, and these signatures must be notarized.
- 3. Attach the following to your application:

• A copy of the recorded deed, title, or contract for purchase of this property, including a legal description.

• A copy of your application for property tax reduction for the current year.

• A statement of the current assessed value for the eligible portion of the property. (You can get this from your county assessor.)

• A copy of your fire and casualty insurance policy.

You must apply and qualify each year to receive a property tax deferral. Property tax deferrals are not renewed automatically.

If approved, your property tax deferral will be applied to your December 2019 tax bill.

#### **Repaying Deferred Taxes**

Deferred property taxes and interest become a lien on your property. You must repay the amount of the deferral and interest if:

- The property, or any part of it, is sold or the title is transferred.
- The qualified claimant, or the last surviving claimant, dies.
- The property no longer qualifies for the Homeowner's Exemption.
- The Idaho State Tax Commission determines that the property tax deferral was granted to a person who isn't a qualified claimant or was granted for property that doesn't qualify.

#### **Insurance Requirements**

Your fire and casualty insurance policy must show the Tax Commission as a loss payee, and you must provide the Tax Commission with a copy of this policy.

This publication does not provide full explanation of Idaho tax laws or rules. For more information, contact:

- Your county assessor
- Idaho State Tax Commission: 334-7736 in the Boise area or toll-free at (800) 334-7756, ext. 2
- Hearing impaired: TDD (800) 377-3529
- tax.idaho.gov

Idaho laws passed after January 1, 2019, are not reflected in this publication.